

Disclosure Report as at 30 September

in accordance with the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR)

The bank at your side

Contents

- 3 Introduction
- 4 Equity capital, capital requirements and RWA
 - 4 Key metrics
 - 6 Capital requirements and RWA
- 10 Liquidity risk
- 14 Appendix
 - 14 List of abbreviations

Introduction

Commerzbank

Commerzbank is the leading bank for the German Mittelstand and a strong partner for around 28,000 corporate client groups and around 11 million private and small-business customers in Germany. The Bank's two Business Segments – Private and Small-Business Customers and Corporate Clients – offer a comprehensive portfolio of financial services.

Commerzbank transacts approximately 30% of Germany's foreign trade and is present internationally in almost 40 countries in the corporate clients' business. The Bank focusses on the German Mittelstand, large corporates, and institutional clients. As part of its international business, Commerzbank supports clients with German connectivity and companies operating in selected future-oriented industries. Its Polish subsidiary mBank S.A. is an innovative digital bank that serves approximately 5.7 million private and corporate customers, predominantly in Poland, but also in the Czech Republic and Slovakia.

A detailed description of Commerzbank Group is given in the Annual Report 2021.

Objective of the Disclosure Report

In this report Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft as the ultimate parent company of the regulated banking group is complying with the disclosure requirements of Articles 431 – 455 of regulation (EU) 2019/876 (CRR) of the European parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR I) as at 31 March 2022. The regulation is supplemented by the final draft implementing technical standards EBA EBA/ITS/2020/04 from 24 June 2020, which specify the tables integrated in the report. The names of the predefined tables are indicated by the table names provided with the prefix EU.

Scope

This Disclosure Report is based on the group of companies consolidated for regulatory purposes. The companies consolidated for regulatory purposes only include those carrying out banking and other financial business. The consolidated group consists of a domestic parent company and its affiliated companies. The aim of regulatory consolidation is to prevent multiple use of capital that in fact exists only once by subsidiary companies in the financial sector. The companies consolidated under IFRS, by contrast, comprise all the companies controlled by the ultimate parent company.

Commerzbank is a large institution in accordance with Article 4 (1) Nr 146 CRR, thus implementing the frequency requirements of Article 433a CRR.

Equity capital, capital requirements and RWA

Key metrics

In order to facilitate market participants' access to the most important equity and liquidity ratios of the institutions, Table KM1 with key metrics has been introduced in June 2021.

The table shows the information required by Articles 447(a) to (g) and 438 (b) CRR. In particular, these include the available own funds, risk-weighted exposure amounts, capital ratios, combined capital buffers, leverage ratio and liquidity ratios, as well as some additional own funds requirements in order to obtain an overall overview of Commerzbank.

The Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital rose by €50m to €24,065m as at 30 September 2022 compared to 30 June 2022 (€24,015m). The positive impact of the quarterly result on CET1 capital was mainly offset by accruals for dividend and potential fully discretionary AT1 coupon payments, as well as by higher supervisory correction items. Due to slightly reduced risk-weighted assets (€–583m), the CET1 capital ratio rose to 13.8%, compared with 13.7% as at 30 June 2022.

In addition to the increase in CET1 capital, the issuance of a new Tier 2 capital instrument (nominal: \le 500 million) led to an increase in own funds of \le 373m compared to 30 June 2022.

The total capital ratio increased by nearly 30 basis points to 18.3% compared to the previous quarter.

The leverage ratio shows the ratio of Tier 1 capital to leverage ratio exposure, consisting of the non risk-weighted assets plus off-balance sheet positions. The way in which exposure to derivatives, securities financing transactions and off-balance sheet positions is calculated is laid down by regulators. As a non risk-sensitive figure the leverage ratio is intended to supplement risk-based measures of capital adequacy. The leverage ratio (with transitional provisions and fully loaded) was 4.5% as at 30 September 2022. The decrease

is mainly due to higher leverage ratio exposure, which was caused by increased cash reserve and a RMBS Securitisation for ECB Collateral Purposes.

At 138.0% (average of the last 12 month-end values), Commerzbank was well above the minimum 100% level required for the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR). Commerzbank's liquidity situation as at the end of the quarter was therefore comfortable given its conservative and forward-looking funding strategy.

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) as at 30 September 2022 underlines the solid funding position of Commerzbank Group. It reflects the customer-focused business model of Commerzbank Group with a high contribution to the available stable funding (ASF) from customer deposits. The main share of the required stable funding (RSF) results from the loan business, and the main share of the ASF results from customer deposits.

The NSFR decreased from 130.4% to 129.0% in the third quarter of 2022. The reason for this is the securitisation mentioned above.

Details of the issued capital instruments of Commerzbank Group according to Article 437 b) and c) CRR and using the EU CCA table in Annex VII of the Regulation of Implementation (EU) 2021/637 are given in Annex 5 of the disclosure report as at 31 December 2021 and on the Commerzbank website in the section debt holder information/capital instruments. Commerzbank Group is not required to disclose in accordance with Article 437a CRR (eligible liabilities).

For the Commerzbank Group, the transitional provisions laid down in Article 468 and Article 473a CRR shall not apply. We have received approval from the supervisor for the application of the transitional provisions to IFRS 9 in accordance with Article 473a CRR. However, this transitional provision will not apply as at 30 September 2022.

5

EU KM1: Key metrics

| | | a | b | С | d | e |
|-----------|--|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
| Line | €m % | 30.9.2022 | 30.6.2022 | 31.3.2022 | 31.12.2021 | 30.09.2021 |
| Available | e own funds (amounts) | | | | | |
| 1 | Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital | 24,065 | 24,015 | 23,715 | 23,765 | 23,666 |
| 2 | Tier 1 capital | 27,292 | 27,247 | 26,949 | 27,215 | 27,141 |
| 3 | Total capital | 31,985 | 31,612 | 31,574 | 32,182 | 32,174 |
| Risk-wei | ghted exposure amounts | | | | | |
| 4 | Total risk-weighted exposure amount | 174,464 | 175,047 | 175,106 | 175,188 | 175,217 |
| Capital r | ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount |) | | | | |
| 5 | Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) | 13.79 | 13.72 | 13.54 | 13.57 | 13.51 |
| 5 | Tier 1 ratio (%) | 15.64 | 15.57 | 15.39 | 15.54 | 15.49 |
| 7 | Total capital ratio (%) | 18.33 | 18.06 | 18.03 | 18.37 | 18.36 |
| | al own funds requirements to address risks other than the amount) | e risk of excess | sive leverage (| as a percenta | ge of risk-wei | ghted |
| EU 7a | Additional own funds requirements to address risks other than the risk of excessive leverage (%) | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| EU 7b | of which: to be made up of CET1 capital (percentage points) | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 |
| EU 7c | of which: to be made up of Tier 1 capital (percentage points) | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| EU 7d | Total SREP own funds requirements (%) | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Combine | ed buffer requirement (as a percentage of risk-weighted e | exposure amour | nt) | | | |
| 3 | Capital conservation buffer (%) | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| EU 8a | Conservation buffer due to macro-prudential or systemic risk identified at the level of a Member State (%) | - | _ | - | - | _ |
| 9 | Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (%) | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| EU 9a | Systemic risk buffer (%) | - | _ | - | - | - |
| 10 | Global Systemically Important Institution buffer (%) | - | _ | - | - | - |
| EU 10a | Other Systemically Important Institution buffer (%) | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| 11 | Combined buffer requirement (%) | 3.79 | 3.77 | 3.77 | 3.77 | 3.77 |
| EU 11a | Overall capital requirements (%) | 13.79 | 13.77 | 13.77 | 13.77 | 13.77 |
| 12 | CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements (%) | 8.14 | 8.06 | 7.89 | 7.94 | 7.88 |
| Leverage | e ratio¹ | | | | | |
| 13 | Total exposure measure | 609,853 | 588,651 | 577,634 | 520,528 | 589,100 |
| 14 | Leverage ratio (%) | 4.48 | 4.63 | 4.67 | 5.19 | 4.57 |
| 14 | Leverage ratio with transitional provisions (%) | 4.48 | 4.63 | 4.67 | 5.23 | 4.61 |
| Addition | al own funds requirements to address the risk of excessi | ve leverage (as | a percentage | of total expos | sure measure) | |
| EU 14a | Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive leverage (%) | - | - | - | _ | _ |
| EU 14b | of which: to be made up of CET1 capital (percentage points) | _ | - | - | - | _ |
| EU 14c | Total SREP leverage ratio requirements (%) | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| _everag | e ratio buffer and overall leverage ratio requirement (as a | percentage of | total exposure | e measure) | | |
| EU 14d | Leverage ratio buffer requirement (%) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| EU 14e | Overall leverage ratio requirements (%) | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |

| | | a | b | С | d | e |
|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Line | €m % | 30.9.2022 | 30.6.2022 | 31.3.2022 | 31.12.2021 | 30.09.2021 |
| Liquidity | Coverage Ratio | | | | | |
| 15 | Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (Weighted value - average) | 104,144 | 103,158 | 105,654 | 108,997 | 112,055 |
| EU 16a | Cash outflows - Total weighted value | 100,203 | 97,817 | 96,370 | 97,086 | 97,317 |
| EU 16b | Cash inflows - Total weighted value | 24,985 | 25,059 | 22,955 | 22,354 | 21,368 |
| 16 | Total net cash outflows (adjusted value) | 75,218 | 72,757 | 73,415 | 74,732 | 75,949 |
| 17 | Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) | 138.0 | 141.2 | 143.1 | 145.1 | 147.6 |
| Net Stabl | e Funding Ratio | | | | | |
| 18 | Total available stable funding | 328,699 | 310,223 | 339,837 | 331,377 | 343,367 |
| 19 | Total required stable funding | 254,863 | 237,978 | 257,016 | 257,361 | 254,470 |
| 20 | NSFR ratio (%) | 129.0 | 130.4 | 132.2 | 128.8 | 134.9 |

¹⁾ Differences between LR fully loaded and LR with transitional provisions until 12/2021; transitional agreements for Tier 1 capital expired.

Capital requirements and RWA

The capital requirements set out below relate to the Commerzbank Group and the figures are the same with regard to content as in the capital adequacy reports submitted to the Deutsche Bundesbank under Basel 3 Pillar 1.

Capital requirements by risk type

As required by Article 438 (d) CRR, Table EU OV1 shows an overview of risk-weighted assets (RWA) and the associated capital requirements by risk type.

Of the overall capital requirement 74.4% relates to credit risk positions (excluding counterparty credit risk). Commerzbank uses the Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach (advanced IRBA; in the following referred to as IRBA) to determine the regulatory capital required. Article 150 CRR gives the option of partial use. The Standardised Approach to Credit Risk (SACR) may be used for part of the portfolios.

Commerzbank Group and accordingly the group companies included in the disclosure are, as IRBA banks as defined in Article 147 CRR, generally obliged to value investments in accordance with the IRBA rules. The CRR allows items to be permanently exempted from the IRBA. Commerzbank applies Article 150 CRR and values all investment positions using the permanent partial use according to the SACR, provided that the individual equity position is not measured in the SACR anyway. Investments that are linked to particularly high

risks as defined in Article 128 CRR, such as private equity investments or venture capital exposures, are shown in the corresponding SACR exposure class.

Of the overall capital requirement 7.3% relates to counterparty credit risk. Based on the EBA requirements, credit value adjustments (CVAs) are also assigned to this credit risk category.

Securitised positions in the banking book are also shown as a separate credit risk category subject to a capital requirement in the table EU OV1 below (2.6% of overall capital requirement). Commerzbank treats these positions in accordance with the recognition hierarchy according to the change in own funds requirements (Regulation (EU) No 2017/2401). Capital deduction items of securitisations directly reduce the liable equity and thus are not included in the capital requirements.

Pursuant to Article 92 (3) b) and c) CRR, adequate capital must be set aside for market risk positions. As at 30 September 2022, capital requirements here are 4.3% of total requirements. Commerzbank uses an internal market risk model to calculate the regulatory capital requirement. This affects both the equity price and interest rate-related risk positions in the trading book as well as the total of currency positions and commodity positions. The standardized approaches are applied for smaller units in Commerzbank Group in accordance with the partial use option.

Since the fourth quarter of 2021, Commerzbank has used the standard approach (SA) to calculate the capital adequacy for operational risks. As at 30 September, 2022 11.4% of the total capital requirement is attributable to this risk category.

Liquidity risk

EU OV1: Overview of risk-weighted exposure amounts

| | | a | b | С |
|--------|--|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | Risk-weighted exposure amounts | |
| | €m | 30,9,2022 | 30.6.2022 | requirements 30.9.2022 |
| 1 | Credit risk (excluding CCR) | 129,776 | 131,828 | 10,382 |
| 2 | thereof: standard approach | 21,504 | 21,111 | 1,720 |
| 3 | thereof: the foundation IRB (FIRB) approach | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | thereof: slotting approach | 922 | 981 | 74 |
| EU 4a | thereof: equities under the simple riskweighted approach | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | thereof: the advanced IRB (AIRB) approach | 107,351 | 109,736 | 8,588 |
| 6 | Counterparty credit risk - CCR | 12,727 | 12,211 | 1,018 |
| 7 | thereof: standard approach | 1,775 | 1,370 | 142 |
| 8 | thereof: internal model method (IMM) | 7,824 | 7,488 | 626 |
| EU 8a | thereof: exposures to a CCP | 193 | 211 | 15 |
| EU 8b | thereof: credit valuation adjustment - CVA | 2,247 | 2,387 | 180 |
| 9 | thereof: other CCR | 687 | 755 | 55 |
| 15 | Settlement risk | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 16 | Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book (after the cap) | 4,533 | 4,569 | 363 |
| 17 | thereof: SEC-IRBA | 1,723 | 1,740 | 138 |
| 18 | thereof SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA) | 2,252 | 2,265 | 180 |
| 19 | thereof: SEC-SA | 558 | 564 | 45 |
| EU 19a | thereof: 1250% / deduction (for information) | 1,730 | 1,970 | 138 |
| 20 | Position, foreign exchange and commodities risks (Market risk) | 7,537 | 6,547 | 603 |
| 21 | thereof: standard approach | 310 | 303 | 25 |
| 22 | thereof: IMA | 7,227 | 6,244 | 578 |
| EU 22a | Large exposures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | Operational risk | 19,891 | 19,891 | 1,591 |
| EU 23a | thereof: basic indicator approach | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EU 23b | thereof: standard approach | 19,891 | 19,891 | 1,591 |
| EU 23c | thereof: advanced measurement approach | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| _ | Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject | , | | |
| 24 | to 250% risk weight) (for information) | 6,637 | 6,680 | 531 |
| 29 | Total | 174,464 | 175,047 | 13,957 |

Risk-weighted assets were €174.5bn as at 30 September 2022. Compared to the previous quarter, there was a slight decline of almost €0.6bn. RWA from credit risks declined mainly due to changes in securities positions (both volume and parameter-driven). By contrast, the RWA from counterparty default risks (CCR) have increased slightly. The RWA from securitisation exposures and operational risks remained essentially unchanged. A larger increase occured in the RWA from market risks, mainly due to trading in CO2 emission rights in the corporate clients business segment.

Detailed overviews of the development of risk-weighted assets by main drivers EU CR8: RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under the IRB approach, EU CCR7: RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM as well as EU MR2-B: RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA are given in the chapters on the respective risk types

Table EU CR8 below shows the changes in the RWA of credit risk exposures in the IRBA portfolio of Commerzbank Group between 30 June 2022 and 30 September 2022. The decline in credit risk in the third quarter was mainly due to changes in securities positions (both volume and parameter-driven). In contrast, there was a RWA

increase mainly from foreign exchange movements (primary USD, partially compensated by GBP and PLN).

Table EU CR8 shows the information according to Article 438 (h) CRR as at 30 September 2022:

EU CR8: RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under the IRB approach

| | | a |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | €m | Risk-weighted exposure amount (RWA) |
| 1 | RWA as at the end of the previous reporting period | 110,717 |
| 2 | Asset size | -2,423 |
| 3 | Asset quality | -512 |
| 4 | Model updates | 0 |
| 5 | Methodology and policy | 0 |
| 6 | Acquisitions and disposals | 0 |
| 7 | Foreign exchange movements | 372 |
| 8 | Other | 119 |
| 9 | RWA as at the end of the current reporting period | 108,273 |

The following table EU CCR7 shows the development of RWA by main driver of counterparty credit risk according to the internal model method (IMM) in the third quarter of 2022 in accordance with Article 438 (h) CRR.

The increase in RWA in the period under review is mainly due to an increase in the exposure and foreign exchange rate movements.

EU CCR7: RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM

| | | a |
|---|--|-------------------------------|
| | €m | Risk-weighted assets (RWA) |
| 1 | RWA as at the end of the previous reporting period | 7,488 |
| 2 | Asset size | 326 |
| 3 | Credit quality of counterparties | -89 |
| 4 | Model updates (IMM only) | 0 |
| 5 | Methodology and policy (IMM only) | 0 |
| 6 | Acquisitions and disposals | 0 |
| 7 | Foreign exchange movements | 100 |
| 8 | Other | 0 |
| 9 | RWA as at the end of the current reporting period | 7,824 |

The table EU MR2-B below shows the development of RWA by main market risk drivers according to the internal model-based approach (IMA) in the third quarter of 2022 according to Article 438(h) CRR.

The increase in RWA is mainly coming from the Stressed VaR (sVaR) and is due to trading in CO2 emission rights in the corporate clients business segment as well as changes in the positions of the Treasury division.

Liquidity risk

EU MR2-B: RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA

| | | a | b | С | d | е | f | g |
|----|---|-------|-------|-----|----------------------------|-------|--------------|----------------------------|
| | €m | VaR | SVaR | IRC | Comprehensive risk measure | Other | Total RWA | Total capital requirements |
| 1 | RWA as at the end of the previous reporting period | 1,594 | 3,927 | 724 | 0 | 0 | 6,244 | 500 |
| 1a | Regulatory adjustment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1b | RWA as at the end of the previous reporting period (end of the day) | 1,594 | 3,927 | 724 | 0 | 0 | 6,244 | 500 |
| 2 | Movement in risk levels | 128 | 929 | -72 | 0 | 0 | 984 | 79 |
| 3 | Model updates/changes | 0 | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -2 | 0 |
| 4 | Methodology and policy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | Acquisitions and disposals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | Foreign exchange movements ¹ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8a | RWA at the end of the reporting period (end of the day) | 1,722 | 4,854 | 651 | 0 | 0 | 7,227 | 578 |
| 8b | Regulatory adjustment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | RWA as at the end of the current reporting period | 1,722 | 4,854 | 651 | 0 | 0 | 7,227 | 578 |

¹ Changes of RWA which are due to foreign exchange movements are reported under "Movement in risk levels".

Liquidity risk

The liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) is the regulatory minimum liquidity ratio. It is a measure of the near-term solvency of the Bank under a predetermined stress scenario. Based on the requirements of the Basel Committee, the EU Commission set out the legal foundation for the LCR in the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR), Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013, in conjunction with Delegated Regulation EU/2015/61 (D-REG).

The ratio itself is defined as the relationship between high quality liquid assets (HQLA) and net liquidity outflows (NLOs) within a 30-day period. Commerzbank monitors the LCR as part of its daily liquidity risk calculation.

The Bank has established internal early warning indicators for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. These ensure that appropriate steps can be taken in good time to secure long-term financial solidity. Risk concentrations can lead to increased outflows of liquidity, particularly in a stress situation. They can, for example, occur with regard to maturities, large individual creditors or currencies. By means of ongoing monitoring and reporting, emerging risk concentrations in funding can be recognised in a timely manner and mitigated through suitable measures. This also applies to payment

obligations in foreign currencies. The Bank also mitigates concentrations through the continuous use of the broadly diversified sources of funding available to it, particularly in the form of diverse customer deposits and capital market instruments.

Commerzbank manages its global liquidity centrally using cash pooling. This approach ensures liquidity resources are used efficiently across all time zones, as Commerzbank Treasury units are located in Frankfurt, London, New York and Singapore.

Further information can be found in the Management Report of the Annual Report 2021 in the chapter "Funding and liquidity of the Commerzbank Group" from page 79.

The calculation of the LCR for the last reporting year is shown below. The averages of the 12 previous month-end values are calculated for each quarter. The resulting values are shown in the table below. The values are rounded to a full-million amount in euros and are presented on a consolidated basis for the Commerzbank Group.

As required by Article 451a (2) CRR, Table EU LIQ1 shows the liquid assets and their cash inflows and outflows and finally the liquidity buffer and the liquidity coverage ratio as at 30 September 2022.

Liquidity risk

EU LIQ1 Quantitative information of LCR – unweighted

| High-quality liquid assets 12 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 | | | a | b | C | d |
|--|-----------|---|------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| High-quality liquid assets 12 12 12 13 14 15 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 | | €m∣% | Tota | al unweighted | value (averag | e) |
| Total high-quality liquid assets Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA), after application of haircuts in line with Article 9 of regulation (EU) 2015/61 | EU 1a | Quarter ending on | 31.12.2021 | 31.3.2022 | 30.6.2022 | 30.9.2022 |
| Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA), after application of haircuts in line with Article 9 of regulation (EU) 2015/61 Cash Outflows 2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: 158,604 157,813 157,586 158,32 3 Stable deposits | EU 1b | Number of data points used in the calculation of averages | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Secured wholesale funding | High-qua | lity liquid assets | | | | |
| Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: 158,604 157,813 157,586 158,32 3 Stable deposits | 1 | | | | | |
| Stable deposits | Cash Out | flows | | | | |
| 4 Less stable deposits 39,210 37,800 38,530 40,02 5 Unsecured wholesale funding 126,575 126,623 126,447 127,57 | 2 | Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: | 158,604 | 157,813 | 157,586 | 158,327 |
| Unsecured wholesale funding | 3 | Stable deposits | 111,688 | 112,320 | 111,403 | 110,667 |
| Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks 41,807 42,095 42,112 41,847 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,112 41,847 42,095 42,848 42,948 4 | 4 | Less stable deposits | 39,210 | 37,800 | 38,530 | 40,021 |
| 6 cooperative banks 41,807 42,095 42,112 41,84 7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 84,339 84,184 83,906 85,20 8 Unsecured debt 428 344 429 53 9 Secured wholesale funding 428 38,277 87,908 87,52 10 Additional requirements 89,822 88,277 87,908 87,52 11 requirements 6,351 6,114 6,181 6,281 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 200 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 83,269 82,010 81,586 81,03 14 Other contractual funding obligations 3,482 2,341 2,346 2,60 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,91 16 Total cash outflows 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,28 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) <td< td=""><td>5</td><td>Unsecured wholesale funding</td><td>126,575</td><td>126,623</td><td>126,447</td><td>127,572</td></td<> | 5 | Unsecured wholesale funding | 126,575 | 126,623 | 126,447 | 127,572 |
| 8 | 6 | · | 41,807 | 42,095 | 42,112 | 41,841 |
| 9 Secured wholesale funding 10 Additional requirements 89,822 88,277 87,908 87,521 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 6,351 6,114 6,181 6,281 11 requirements 6,351 6,114 6,181 6,281 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 20.01 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 83,269 82,010 81,586 81,031 14 Other contractual funding obligations 3,482 2,341 2,346 2,601 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,911 16 Total cash outflows Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,281 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,777 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,644 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer EU-19a restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows EU-20a Fully exempt inflows EU-20a Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20a Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,83 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer EU-21 Liquidity buffer | 7 | Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) | 84,339 | 84,184 | 83,906 | 85,201 |
| Madditional requirements Say,822 Say,277 Say,908 Say,522 Say,709 Say,522 Say,709 Say,522 Say,709 Say,523 Say,709 Say,524 Say,709 Say,524 Say,709 Say,526 Say,709 Say,709 | 8 | Unsecured debt | 428 | 344 | 429 | 530 |
| Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 6,351 6,114 6,181 6,281 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 20 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 83,269 82,010 81,586 81,03 14 Other contractual funding obligations 3,482 2,341 2,346 2,60 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,91 16 Total cash outflows Cash Inflows Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,28 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,77 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,64 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer 20 101 cash inflows 6,3304 63,984 66,899 67,69 | 9 | Secured wholesale funding | | | | |
| 11 requirements 6,351 6,114 6,181 6,281 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 20 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 83,269 82,010 81,586 81,03 14 Other contractual funding obligations 3,482 2,341 2,346 2,60 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,91 16 Total cash outflows 8 7 37,305 37,587 37,28 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,28 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,77 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,64 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer 8,649 8,649 8,649 EU-19a restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) 5 6,728 8,629 8,649 EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 20 Total cash inflows 0 | 10 | Additional requirements | 89,822 | 88,277 | 87,908 | 87,523 |
| 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 83,269 82,010 81,586 81,031 14 Other contractual funding obligations 3,482 2,341 2,346 2,601 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,913 16 Total cash outflows | 11 | • | 6,351 | 6,114 | 6,181 | 6,280 |
| 14 | 12 | Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products | 202 | 153 | 142 | 204 |
| 15 Other contingent funding obligations 101,412 101,668 102,400 102,912 16 Total cash outflows | 13 | Credit and liquidity facilities | 83,269 | 82,010 | 81,586 | 81,038 |
| Total cash outflows Cash Inflows Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,288 | 14 | Other contractual funding obligations | 3,482 | 2,341 | 2,346 | 2,605 |
| Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,28 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,77 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,64 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer EU-19a restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,69 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,83 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 15 | Other contingent funding obligations | 101,412 | 101,668 | 102,400 | 102,912 |
| 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 37,410 37,305 37,587 37,28 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,77 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,64 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19a (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,69 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,83 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 16 | Total cash outflows | | | | |
| Inflows from fully performing exposures 19,812 19,950 20,683 21,777 19 Other cash inflows (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19a (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | Cash Infl | ows . | | | | |
| 19 Other cash inflows 6,082 6,728 8,629 8,644 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer EU-19a restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 17 | Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) | 37,410 | 37,305 | 37,587 | 37,282 |
| (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19a (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 18 | Inflows from fully performing exposures | 19,812 | 19,950 | 20,683 | 21,772 |
| arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer EU-19a restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies) EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 19 | Other cash inflows | 6,082 | 6,728 | 8,629 | 8,640 |
| 20 Total cash inflows 63,304 63,984 66,899 67,699 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,839 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | EU-19a | arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer | | | | |
| EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,835 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | EU-19b | (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) | | | | |
| EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | 20 | Total cash inflows | 63,304 | 63,984 | 66,899 | 67,695 |
| EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 60,768 61,384 64,163 64,834 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | EU-20a | Fully exempt inflows | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | EU-20b | Inflows subject to 90% cap | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EU-21 Liquidity buffer 22 Total net cash outflows | EU-20c | Inflows subject to 75% cap | 60,768 | 61,384 | 64,163 | 64,834 |
| 22 Total net cash outflows | Total Adj | usted Value | | | | |
| | EU-21 | Liquidity buffer | | | | |
| 23 Liquidity coverage ratio (%) | 22 | Total net cash outflows | | | | |
| | 23 | Liquidity coverage ratio (%) | | | | |

EU LIQ1 Quantitative information of LCR – weighted

| Feb Number of data points used in the calculation of averages 12 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 | | | a | b | С | d |
|--|-----------|---|------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|
| Feb Number of data points used in the calculation of averages 12 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 | | €m % | То | tal weighted v | /alue (averag | e) |
| High-quality liquid assets Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA), after application of haircuts in loag, 97 105,654 103,158 104,144 Cash Outlow Stable deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: 9,799 9,694 9,723 9,833 Stable deposits Stable dep | EU 1a | Quarter ending on | 31.12.2021 | 31.3.2022 | 30.6.2022 | 30.9.2022 |
| Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA), after application of haircuts in line with Article 9 of regulation (EU) 2015/61 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,147 1 | EU 1b | Number of data points used in the calculation of averages | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 1 | High-qua | lity liquid assets | | | | |
| 2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: 9,799 9,694 9,723 9,833 3 Stable deposits 5,584 5,616 5,570 5,533 4 Less stable deposits 4,215 4,078 4,153 4,303 5 Unsecured wholesale funding 59,721 59,726 60,707 62,528 6 cooperative banks 10,426 10,488 10,502 10,433 7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks 48,867 49,084 49,776 51,565 8 Unsecured debt 428 344 429 533 9 Secured wholesale funding 4,004 4,311 4,332 3,866 10 Additional requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 11 requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 20 153 142 20 13 Credit and li | 1 | - 1 | 108,997 | 105,654 | 103,158 | 104,144 |
| Stable deposits S.584 S.616 S.570 S.531 | Cash Out | flows | | | | |
| | 2 | Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: | 9,799 | 9,694 | 9,723 | 9,837 |
| | 3 | Stable deposits | 5,584 | 5,616 | 5,570 | 5,533 |
| Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks 10,426 10,498 10,502 10,431 7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 48,867 49,084 49,776 51,566 8 Unsecured debt 428 344 429 531 | 4 | Less stable deposits | 4,215 | 4,078 | 4,153 | 4,303 |
| 6 cooperative banks 10,426 10,498 10,502 10,438 7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 48,867 49,084 49,776 51,567 8 Unsecured debt 428 344 429 51,567 9 Secured wholesale funding 4,004 4,311 4,352 3,868 10 Additional requirements 17,363 16,860 16,908 17,024 11 requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 200 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,052 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,913 15 Other contringent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 7,008 96,370 97,817 10,000 Cash Inflows 1,008 1,938 | 5 | Unsecured wholesale funding | 59,721 | 59,926 | 60,707 | 62,526 |
| 8 Unsecured debt 428 344 429 538 9 Secured wholesale funding 4,004 4,311 4,352 3,868 10 Additional requirements 17,363 16,860 16,908 17,022 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 200 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,053 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,915 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,000 Castured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 19 Other cash | 6 | · | 10,426 | 10,498 | 10,502 | 10,435 |
| 9 Secured wholesale funding 4,004 4,311 4,352 3,861 10 Additional requirements 17,363 16,860 16,908 17,024 11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 200 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,055 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,918 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,203 Casured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,019 18 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,555 | 7 | Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) | 48,867 | 49,084 | 49,776 | 51,561 |
| 10 | 8 | Unsecured debt | 428 | 344 | 429 | 530 |
| Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 2,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 204 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,053 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,919 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,393 4,473 5,036 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,203 17 100,203 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,403 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,559 10,194 10,195 1 | 9 | Secured wholesale funding | 4,004 | 4,311 | 4,352 | 3,868 |
| 11 requirements 6,058 5,756 5,737 5,766 12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products 202 153 142 204 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,055 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,918 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,000 Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,019 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,555 EU-19 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 22,355 22,955 25,059 24,988 | 10 | Additional requirements | 17,363 | 16,860 | 16,908 | 17,024 |
| 13 Credit and liquidity facilities 11,103 10,952 11,029 11,055 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,919 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,203 Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,402 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,559 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 0 0 0 0 EU-19a (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 11 | · | 6,058 | 5,756 | 5,737 | 5,766 |
| 14 Other contractual funding obligations 2,802 1,646 1,655 1,913 15 Other contingent funding obligations 3,396 3,932 4,473 5,030 16 Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,203 Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,403 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,559 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 0 0 0 0 0 EU-19a Currencies) 0 | 12 | Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products | 202 | 153 | 142 | 204 |
| 15 | 13 | Credit and liquidity facilities | 11,103 | 10,952 | 11,029 | 11,053 |
| Total cash outflows 97,086 96,370 97,817 100,203 Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,019 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,403 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,559 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 0 0 0 0 EU-19a currencies) 0 0 0 0 0 20 Total cash inflows 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 10 | 14 | Other contractual funding obligations | 2,802 | 1,646 | 1,655 | 1,919 |
| Cash Inflows 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,015 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,400 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,556 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 0 0 0 0 EU-19a currencies) 0 0 0 0 0 EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 0 20 Total cash inflows 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 24,985 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 | 15 | Other contingent funding obligations | 3,396 | 3,932 | 4,473 | 5,030 |
| 17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 1,996 1,839 1,545 1,015 18 Inflows from fully performing exposures 14,432 14,540 15,019 15,407 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,556 (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible 0 | 16 | Total cash outflows | 97,086 | 96,370 | 97,817 | 100,203 |
| 18 | Cash Infl | 0ws | | | | |
| 19 Other cash inflows 5,926 6,576 8,495 8,555 EU-19a currencies) Currencies) 0 0 0 0 EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 20 Total cash inflows 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | 17 | Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) | 1,996 | 1,839 | 1,545 | 1,019 |
| (Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible EU-19a currencies) EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 20 Total cash inflows EU-20a Fully exempt inflows EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer EU-21 Total net cash outflows CD Total cash outflows Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Total net cash outflows Total net cash outflows Total net cash outflows Total cash outflows Total net cash outflows | 18 | Inflows from fully performing exposures | 14,432 | 14,540 | 15,019 | 15,407 |
| outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible EU-19a currencies) 0 0 0 0 EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 20 Total cash inflows 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | 19 | Other cash inflows | 5,926 | 6,576 | 8,495 | 8,559 |
| EU-19b (Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible | | | | |
| 20 Total cash inflows 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | | | | | 0 |
| EU-20a Fully exempt inflows 0 0 0 0 EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | · | | | - | 0 |
| EU-20b Inflows subject to 90% cap 0 0 0 0 EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | | | 22,955 | | 24,985 |
| EU-20c Inflows subject to 75% cap 22,354 22,955 25,059 24,985 Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | Fully exempt inflows | | - | | 0 |
| Total Adjusted Value EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | Inflows subject to 90% cap | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EU-21 Liquidity buffer 108,997 105,654 103,158 104,144 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | | 22,354 | 22,955 | 25,059 | 24,985 |
| 22 Total net cash outflows 74,732 73,415 72,757 75,218 | | | | | | |
| | EU-21 | Liquidity buffer | 108,997 | 105,654 | 103,158 | 104,144 |
| 23 Liquidity coverage ratio (%) 145.1% 143.1% 141.2% 138.0% | | Total net cash outflows | | 73,415 | 72,757 | 75,218 |
| | 23 | Liquidity coverage ratio (%) | 145.1% | 143.1% | 141.2% | 138.0% |

The average quarterly LCR values have been consistently high. As at each of the reporting dates, Commerzbank considerably surpassed the required minimum ratio of 100%. The composition of

the highly liquid assets available to cover the liquidity outflows in the reporting period is set out below:

EU addLIQ: Highly liquid assets in accordance with EU/2015/61

| Average of the last 12 month-end values €m | 31.12.2021 | 31.3.2022 | 30.6.2022 | 30.9.2022 |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Total | 108,997 | 105,654 | 103,158 | 104,144 |
| thereof: Level 1 | 101,912 | 99,811 | 97,546 | 98,732 |
| thereof: Level 2A | 6,158 | 5,073 | 5,034 | 4,993 |
| thereof: Level 2B | 927 | 770 | 577 | 420 |

Commerzbank also reports the LCR in US dollars and Polish zloty (PLN), as these are deemed to be significant foreign currencies under the CRR. In addition, the Bank ensures that foreign-exchange risk is monitored as well as limited and managed using an internal model

When calculating the LCR, the Bank takes into account the liquidity inflows and outflows for derivatives over the next 30 days. When standardised master agreements are involved, the liquidity inflows and outflows are calculated on a net basis. Commerzbank

also takes into account further items that could lead to additional outflows of liquidity. These items include variation margins for changes in the value of securities pledged as collateral and, in the event of a possible deterioration in credit rating, additional collateral furnished because of adverse market scenarios for derivatives transactions. For other contingent liabilities, since June 2019 Commerzbank has used additional outflows in accordance with Article 23 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61.

Appendix

List of abbreviations

| | | IFRS | International Financial Reporting Standards |
|-------|--|------|---|
| A-IRB | Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach | IMA | Internal Model Approach |
| AT-1 | Additional Tier 1 | IMM | Internal Model Method |
| ASF | Available Stable Funding | IRBA | Internal Ratings Based Approach |
| CCP | Central counterparty | ITS | Implementing technical standards |
| CCR | Counterparty credit risk | LCR | Liquidity Coverage Ratio |
| CET1 | Common Equity Tier 1 | NLO | Net liquidity outflows |
| CRD | Capital Requirements Directive | NSFR | Net stable funding ratio |
| CRR | Capital Requirements Regulation | RSF | Required Stable Funding |
| CVA | Credit Value Adjustments | RWA | Risk-Weighted Assets |
| EBA | European Banking Authority | SACR | Standardised Approach to Credit Risk |
| ERBA | External Ratings-Based Approach | SFT | Securities Financing Transactions |
| EU | European Union | SREP | Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process |
| F-IRB | Foundation IRB | sVaR | stressed Value-at-Risk |
| HQLA | High-quality liquid asset | T1 | Tier 1 capital |
| IRC | Incremental Risk Charge | VaR | Value-at-Risk |
| | | | |

The German version of this Disclosure Report is the authoritative version.

Disclaimer

Commerzbank's internal risk measurement methods and models which form the basis for the calculation of the figures shown in this report are state-of-the-art and based on banking sector practice. The risk models produce results appropriate to the management of the Bank. The measurement approaches are regularly reviewed by risk control and internal audit, external auditors and the German and European supervisory authorities. Despite being carefully developed and regularly monitored, models cannot cover all the influencing factors that have an impact in reality or illustrate their complex behaviour and interactions. These limits to risk modelling apply particularly in extreme situations. Supplementary stress tests and scenario analyses can only show examples of the risks to which a portfolio may be exposed in extreme market situations. However, stress testing all imaginable scenarios is not feasible. Stress tests cannot offer a final estimate of the maximum loss should an extreme event occur.

The interpretations with regard to CRR/CRD rules are still ongoing. Therefore, requirements for adjustment may occur due, for example, to modified interpretations in the course of the Q&A-process with EBA or due to new binding Technical Standards or guidelines. Against this background we will continue to refine our methods and models in line with the interpretation of the rules. Thus, our measures may not be comparable with previously published measures and our competitors' measures published may differ from ours.



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